



Worksheet

Name:		
Roll No:	Class:	Section:
Date:		

ELEMENTARY CONCEPT OF OBJECTS AND CLASSES

Chapter-2

 Define the following 	a.
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- (a) Class
- (b) Object
- (c) Keyword
- (d) User-defined data type

2. State true/false.

(a) Speed, storage and portability are different for different types of computer.
(b) A class in java are primitive data types that act as a blueprint.
(c) A class act as a factory as it is used to create different types of object.
(d) User-defined data type is a derived data type from some existing data types.

3. Answer the following questions.

- (a) "Class is an object factory". Justify the statement.
- (b) What is instantiation? Also, give the syntax.
- (c) Write a java statement to call the method bark of the dog object and also create a dog object of the animal class?
- (d) Why is class a non-primitive data type?
- (e) Write the components of objects?
- (f) Consider a real-world object as 'Cricket Ball'. Now, mention two behaviours and methods each by taking the 'Cricket Ball' as a software Object.
- (g) You want to create a class called 'Football'. Choose the elements to be used as characteristics and behavior from the list given below:
 - Ball, Goalkeeper, Making a goal, Defender, Forward player, passing ball, Referee, hitting the corner, making fault.
- (h) What does the following statement mean?

Employee staff = new Employee ()	.aff = new Employee	Emp.	new	f =	staf	Loyee	Empl
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