



Worksheet

2

Name:		
Roll No:	Class:	Section:
Date:		

VALUES AND TYPES

Chapter-4

(a)	are non-graphical characters preceded by a backslash to perform some specific task.
(b)	data type cannot be converted to any other data types or vice versa.
(c)	Operators are special symbols that signify the to perform some specific mathematical or non-mathematical operations on one or more operands.
(d)	$\dots \\$ are user-defined names consisting of any sequence of letters and digits starting with either a letter or underscore (_)
(e)	There are two types of encoding procedures and
(f)	A is the smallest individual element of a java program that is meaningful to the compiler and takes part in the effective execution of the program.
(g)	The variable is the name of the reserved area allocated in memory.
(h)	in java consist of Alphabets, Digits, Operators, and Delimiters.

2. Differentiate between the following.

- (a) Integer and floating constant
- (b) Token and Identifier
- (c) Character and String constant
- (d) Primitive Data Type and Non-Primitive Data Type
- (e) Character and Boolean literal
- (f) ASCII Code and Unicode

3. Answer the following questions.

- (a) What do you understand about character sets in Java?
- (b) What do you understand about UNICODE? Write its advantages and disadvantages.
- (c) What are the protocols that are to be followed while naming the identifiers?
- (d) What do you mean by escape sequences?

 Elaborate any two commonly used escape sequences.

