



## Worksheet



| Name:    |        |          |
|----------|--------|----------|
| Roll No: | Class: | Section: |
| Date:    |        |          |

| CO | רוםא                                    | FIONAL CONSTRUCT IN JA  | VA   |           |                            | Chapter-8      |  |
|----|---|---|--|-----------|----------------------------|----------------|--|
| 1. | Tick                                    | $x(\checkmark)$ the correct option.   |  |           |                            |                |  |
|    | (a)                                     | Which of the following loops will   | execute the b  | ody of tl | he loop even when conditio | on controlling |  |
|    |   | the Is the loop initially false?  | oop initially false?   |           |                            |                |  |
|    |   | (i) do_while  |  | (ii)      | while                      |                |  |
|    |   | (iii) for   |  | (iv)      | none of the mentioned      |                |  |
|    | (b)                                     | Which of these jump statements citeration?  | can skip processing remainder of code in its body for a particular   |           |                            |                |  |
|    |   | (i) break   |  | (ii)      | return                     |                |  |
|    |   | (iii) exit  |  | (iv)      | continue                   |                |  |
|    | (c)                                     | Which of the following control ex   | l expressions are valid for an if statement  |           |                            |                |  |
|    |   | (i) an integer expression   |  | (ii)      | a boolean expression       |                |  |
|    |   | (iii) either A or B   |  | (iv)      | Neither A or B             |                |  |
|    | (d)                                     | Which statement tests the value of a given variable against a list of case values and when a mat is found, a block of statements associated with that case is executed. |  |           |                            |                |  |
|    |   | (i) switch  |  | (ii)      | return                     |                |  |
|    |   | (iii) exit  |  | (iv)      | continue                   |                |  |
|    | (e)                                     |   | e tatement at the end of each block signals the end of a particular case and causes an exit e switch statement, transferring the control to the statement following the switch |           |                            |                |  |
|    |   |   |  |           |                            |                |  |
|    |   | (i) switch  |  | (ii)      | break                      |                |  |
|    | (5)                                     | (iii) return  |  | (iv)      | default                    |                |  |
|    | (f)                                     | Which of the following is not a va  |  |           |                            |                |  |
|    |   | (i) break   |  | (ii)      | return                     |                |  |
|    |   | (iii) continue  |  | (iv)      | go to                      |                |  |
|    | (g)                                     | code based on the value of an ex  | hich of these statement provides an easy way to dispatch execution to different parts of<br>de based on the value of an expression   |           |                            |                |  |
|    |   | (i) if_else   |  | (ii)      | continue                   |                |  |
|    |   | (iii) switch  |  | (iv)      | while                      |                |  |
| 2. | Fill                                    | in the blank.   |  |           |                            |                |  |
|    | (a)                                     | (a) is used with the switch statement.  |  |           |                            |                |  |
|    | (b) is not a decision making statement. |   |  |           |                            |                |  |
|    | (c)                                     | c) A BREAK statement inside a Loop like WHILE, FOR, DO WHILE and Enhanced-FOR causes  |  |           |                            |                |  |
|    |   | program execution Loop.   |  |           |                            |                |  |
|    | (d)                                     |   |  |           |                            |                |  |
|    | , ,                                     | the help of statements to avoid never-ending loops.   |  |           |                            |                |  |
|    | (e)                                     | The Enhanced FOR loop in Java v   | vas introduce  | d by      | • • • • • • •              |                |  |
|    |   |   |  |           |                            |                |  |