



ASSIGNMENT-5



Marks Obtained: _____

Student's Name: _____ Section: _____

Roll Number: _____ Date: _____

Identify the correct answer.

- Every number is the factor of itself.
(a) greatest (b) smallest (c) equal to (d) less than equal to
- The factors of any number are the number.
(a) equal to or less than (b) equal to or greater than
(c) equal to (d) less than
- We can find factors by
(a) Multiplication (b) Division
(c) Multiplication & division (d) Addition
- Which of the following shows only multiples of 12?
(a) 24, 36, 48, 60, 72 (b) 12, 18, 24, 30, 36 (c) 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12 (d) 12, 25, 36, 90
- Which equation shows that 8 is a factor of 32?
(a) $32 = 8 + 24$ (b) $32 = 40 - 8$ (c) $32 = 256 \div 8$ (d) $32 = 8 \times 4$
- A is a number that is product of a given number and some other number.
(a) multiple (b) factor (c) product (d) factor tree
- A multiple is basically a
(a) times table (b) factor tree (c) quotient (d) product
- We can find the of a number by multiplying it by 1, 2, 3, 4 and so on.
(a) factors (b) multiples (c) products (d) sum
- Every multiple of a number is the number itself.
(a) greater than or equal to (b) less than or equal to
(c) greater than (d) less than
- There is no end of the, you can get of a particular number.
(a) multiples (b) factors (c) products (d) sum
- When we divide one number by another and there is no remainder, the divisor and the quotient are the of the first number.
(a) factors (b) multiples (c) product (d) answer
- Pick the odd one out.
(a) 2 (b) 4 (c) 6 (d) 7
- Every number except 1 has at least factors.
(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5