

Worksheet

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Name:
Roll No: Class: Section:
Date:

INTRODUCTION TO MYSQL

Chapter-2

A. Match the following.

Column A

1. NULL Constraint
2. Primary Key Constraint
3. DROP TABLE command
4. Check Constraint

Column B

- a. Each record in a table is uniquely identified
- b. Restricts the value range that can be placed in a column
- c. It is used to define rules for table data.
- d. delete a table from a database.

B. Fill in the blanks.

1. MySQL uses a query language called
2. The default password for the root user is
3. An INTEGER or INT data type represents an number.
4. CHAR (n) represents a character string with a fixed length of
5. DATE stores values in the format

C. Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false.

1. Data types in MySQL are optional for defining columns in a table.
2. TIMESTAMP data type stores only hour, minute, and second values.
3. Each record in a table is uniquely identified by the NOT NULL constraint.
4. The CHECK constraint enforces a specific range of values for a column.
5. The CREATE TABLE command is used to create a new database in SQL.